Separation of Selected Imidazole Enantiomers Using Dual Cyclodextrin System in Micellar Electrokinetic Chromatography

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Abstract	Cyclodextrin-modified micellar electrokinetic chromatography (CD-MEKC) method was developed for simultaneous enantioseparation of three imidazole drugs namely tioconazole, isoconazole and fenticonazole. Three easily available and inexpensive cyclodextrins namely 2-hydroxypropylcyclodextrin (HPCD), 2-hydroxypropylcyclodextrin (HPCD) and heptakis(2,6-di-O-methyl)cyclodextrin (DMCD) were evaluated to discriminate the six stereoisomers of the drugs. However, none of the three CDs gave a complete enantioseparation of the drugs. Effective enantioseparation of tioconazole, isoconazole and fenticonazole was achieved using a combination of 35mM HPCD and 10mM DMCD as chiral selectors. The best separation using both HPCD and DMCD (35mM:10mM) as chiral selectors were accomplished in background electrolyte (BGE) containing 35mM phosphate buffer (pH7.0), 50mM sodium dodecyl sulfate (SDS) and 15% (v/v) acetonitrile at 27kV and 30 degrees C with all peaks resolved in less than 15min with resolutions, Rs 1.90-27.22 and peak efficiencies, N>180 000. The developed method was linear over the concentration range of 25-200mgl-1 (r2>0.998) and the detection limits (S/N=3) of the three imidazole drugs were found to be 2.7-7.7mgl-1. The CD-MEKC method was successfully applied to the determination of the three imidazole drugs in spiked human urine sample and commercial cream formulation of tioconazole and isoconazole with good recovery (93.6-106.2%) and good RSDs ranging from 2.30-6.8%. Chirality 25:328-335, 2013. (c) 2013 Wiley Periodicals, Inc.
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