FAKTOR PREDIKSI HASIL UJI TUBERKULIN POSITIF ANAK SD DI KABUPATEN CILACAP TAHUN 2008

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Author Order	of
Accreditation	
Abstract	TB of children in community show of TB case's proportion which will occur in the future.Besides, TB of children 's distribution could be the indicator of the ongoing transmission of TB in the community. This study conducted to explore the prediction factor of positive tuberculin tedt which were children's characteristic (age, gender), parent's characteristic (parent's education ,parent's occupation) and household size. A case control study held in primary school children attending class I-IV (8-13 years age) in Kabupaten Cilacap from September - Desember 2008. Sample divided in two group, there are 109 case 109 control. School children two had result of tuberculin test ? 10 mm, respectively, were considered as a case. Control were school children who have result of tuberculin test 0-9 mm, selected by proportional random sampling. Informations about children's results of tuberculin test were obtained from secondary data of tuberculin data survey which held on center Java. Primary data obtained by interviewing of school children. Logistic regression demonstrated prediction factors of positive tuberculin test were BCG scar (p value = 0,049, OR= 0,432, 95% CI = 0,250-0,753) and age (p value= 0,003, OR= 0,434, 95% CI= 0,187 - 0,996).
Publisher Name	Jurusan Kesehatan Masyarakat dan Fakultas Ilmu-Ilmu Kesehatan Universitas Jenderal Soedirman
Publish Date	2010-07-30
Publish Year	2010
Doi	
Citation	
Source	Kesmas Indonesia: Jurnal Ilmiah Kesehatan Masyarakat
Source Issue	Vol 3 No 2 (2010): Jurnal Kesmas Indonesia
Source Page	104-113
Url	http://jos.unsoed.ac.id/index.php/kesmasindo/article/view/106
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