## <u>A Time Series Analysis: Weather Factors, Human Migration and Malaria Cases in Endemic Area of Purworejo, Indonesia, 2005-2014</u>

Publons	
ID	19525165
Wos ID	WOS:000431189100005
Doi	
Title	A Time Series Analysis: Weather Factors, Human Migration and Malaria Cases in Endemic Area of Purworejo, Indonesia, 2005-2014
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Publish Date	APR 2018
Journal Name	IRANIAN JOURNAL OF PUBLIC HEALTH
Citation	4
Abstract	Background: Climatic and weather factors become important determinants of vector-borne diseases transmission like malaria. This study aimed to prove relationships between weather factors with considering human migration and previous case findings and malaria cases in endemic areas in Purworejo during 2005-2014. Methods: This study employed ecological time series analysis by using monthly data. The independent variables were the maximum temperature, minimum temperature, maximum humidity, minimum humidity, precipitation, human migration, and previous malaria cases, while the dependent variable was positive malaria cases. Three models of count data regression analysis i.e. Poisson model, quasi-Poisson model, and negative binomial model were applied to measure the relationship. The least Akaike Information Criteria (AIC) value was also performed to find the best model. Negative binomial regression analysis was considered as the best model. Results: The model showed that humidity (lag 2), precipitation (lag 3), precipitation (lag 12), migration (lag 1) and previous malaria cases (lag 12) had a significant relationship with malaria cases. Conclusion: Weather, migration and previous malaria case factors need to be considered as prominent indicators for the increase of malaria case projection.
Publish Type	Journal
Publish Year	2018
Page Begin	499
Page End	509
lssn	2251-6085
Eissn	2251-6093
Url	https://www.webofscience.com/wos/woscc/full-record/WOS:000431189100005
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