

Morphological and Physiological Adaptation of *Synedrella nodiflora* (L.) Gaertn. in Various Altitudes

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| Abstract | Nodeweed (<i>Synedrella nodiflora</i> (L.) Gaertn.) is a widely distributed tropical plant species. Nevertheless, it has taxonomically been the only member of genus <i>Synedrella</i> . Hence, it is interesting to study the morphological and physiological adaptation in different altitudes. Three altitudes were selected in this study, i.e. 0, 130, and 820 m above sea level (asl). The parameters examined included number of stomata and trichomes per leaf area unit, size of glandular and non-glandular trichomes, size of peripheral and central seeds, number of peripheral and central seeds. It was found that seed number and length, leaf structure, chlorophyll content show differences among altitudes. <i>S. nodiflora</i> from 0 m asl show lowest central seed number and length, non glandular trichomes number, but highest non-glandular trichomes length and chlorophyll a and carotene contents. |
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